

- 1 (a) (i) $(I =) V/R$ OR $6/(12 + 4)$ OR $6/16$
 0.38 A/0.37 A A1
- (ii) $1/R = 1/R_1 + 1/R_2$
 OR $(R =) R_1 R_2 / (R_1 + R_2)$
 OR above with numbers substituted C1
- $R = 3 (\Omega)$ C1
- $(I = 6/3 =) 2(.0) A$ A1
- OR ALTERNATIVE METHOD:
 $6/12$ (C1)
- $+ 6/4$ (C1)
- $2(.0) A$ (A1)
- (b) (i) $R \propto l$ (in words or symbols)
 OR directly proportional OR e.g. R doubles when l doubles B1
- (ii) $R \propto 1/A$ (or with words)
 OR inversely proportional OR e.g. R doubles when A halves B1
- (c) $4/12$ OR $4:12$ OR $1/3$ OR $1:3$ OR 0.33 B1

[Total: 8]

- 2 (a) 4.5V ignore sign B1
- (b) $1/R_p = 1/R_1 + 1/R_2$
 OR $(R_p =) R_1R_2/(R_1 + R_2)$ words, symbols or numbers C1
- $R = (1/(1/1 + 1/5)) = 0.83\Omega$ A1
- (c) $V = IR$ in any form OR V/R words, symbols or numbers C1
- use of total e.m.f. as V AND series resistance as R
 OR $4/5$ of total emf seen OR $1/6$ of total current seen C1
- $(I = 4.5/5 =) 0.90\text{ A}$ accept 0.9 e.c.f. from (a) A1
- (d) 1.5V ignore sign B1

[Total: 7]

- 3 (a) one mark for each correct entry in table: B3

| resistor | res | current | potential difference | power |
|----------|-----|---------|----------------------|---------|
| | | | IR | |
| | | I | | $2I^2R$ |

- (b) (i) $(P = IV = 750 \times 11000 =) 8.3 \times 10^6\text{ W}$ (8300 kW) B1
- (ii) $(V = IR = 750 \times 1.5 =) 1100\text{ V}$ B1
- (iii) (voltage to factory = $11000 - 1125 =) 9875\text{ V}$ C1
 (power supplied to factory =) 9875×750 A1
 $7.4 \times 10^6\text{ W}$ OR 7400 kW A1
- OR**
- power loss in cables = I^2R OR $750^2 \times 1.5$ (C1)
 (=) 8.44×10^5 (W) (A1)
 (power to factory = $8.25 \times 10^6 - 8.44 \times 10^5 =) 7.4 \times 10^6\text{ W}$ OR 7400 kW (A1)

[Total: 8]

| | | |
|---|--|-------------------|
| 4 | (a) 6.0 V | B1 |
| | (b) (i) coulomb (IGNORE C) | B1 |
| | (ii) $(Q =) It$ OR $0.25 \times 12 \times 60$ OR 0.25×720 OR 0.25×12 OR 3.0 OR 0.25×60 OR 15 180 (C) | C1 A1 |
| | (iii) $(R =) V/I$ or $6.0/0.25$ or 24.0 e.c.f. from (a) OR $(V =) IR$ OR 0.25×16 OR 4.0 e.c.f. from (a) 8.0 Ω | C1 A1 |
| | (c) $R \propto l$ OR 8.0 OR 16/2 $R_1 R_2 / (R_1 + R_2)$ OR $1/R = 1/R_1 + 1/R_2$ OR 64/16 OR $1/R = 1/8 + 1/8$ 4.0 Ω | C C A1 |
| | | [Total: 9] |

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| 5 | (a) (i) all lamps off | |
| | (ii) 12 Ω lamps (only) on | B1 |
| | (iii) 4 Ω lamps (only) on | |
| | (b) 12 V | B1 |
| | (ii) $I = V/R$ in any form OR V/R OR 12/12 1.0 A OR 1 A e.c.f. from (b)(i) | C1 A1 |
| | (c) current in 4 Ω lamp = 3 (A) (current in 12 Ω lamp is in (b)(ii)) $(P =) IV$ OR $I^2 R$ $(P =) 36$ W for 4 Ω lamp; $P = 12$ W for 12 Ω lamp e.c.f. from (b)(ii) OR $(P =) V^2/R$ $(P =) 12^2/4 = 36$ W for 4 Ω lamp OR $12^2/12 = 12$ W for 12 Ω lamp $(P =) 12^2/4 = 36$ W for 4 Ω lamp AND $12^2/12 = 12$ W for 12 Ω lamp OR $(P =) V^2/R$ Same V for all lamps 4 Ω lamp has higher power / 12 Ω has lower power | C C1 A1 (C1) (C1) (A1) (B1) (M1) (A1) |
| | | [Total 7] |

| | | | | |
|---|---------|--|------|-------------------|
| 6 | (a) (i) | current/electricity could flow through/across switch due to dampness / humidity | | |
| | | OR water (good) conductor | B1 | |
| | | danger of shock/electrocution | B1 | |
| | | accept alternative: | | |
| | | short (circuit) | (B1) | |
| | | (danger because) lights go out when fuse blows | (B1) | [2] |
| | (ii) | pull switch with long cord of insulating material | | |
| | | OR normal switch outside workroom | | |
| | | OR switch with non-contact operation /insulating cover/sensor actuation | B1 | [1] |
| | (b) | friction with hose | M1 | |
| | | reasoning relating to charge moved <u>to/from aircraft</u> OR <u>to/from hose</u> | | |
| | | OR rubber insulates | A1 | [2] |
| | (ii) | (water conducts) charge to/from aircraft OR away/to ground OR through tyres/wheels | | |
| | | OR earthing o.w.t.t.e. | B1 | [1] |
| | | | | [Total: 6] |